

Coaching 101 Everything you wanted to know about PIIC but were afraid to ask!

Ellen Eisenberg
Executive Director, PIIC

5 key terms/phrases you will hear during this presentation...

- BDA cycle of coaching
- PIIC 4 quadrant framework
- Collaboration
- Building relationships
- Job-embedded professional learning



Goals for the day...

- To understand the power of one-on-one coaching and building relationships
- To take a learning walk through the B, D, A cycle of confidentiality, consultation, collaboration, and collective problem solving
- To recognize the importance of reflective practice



In your group...

Please Do Now

• What do you think are the three most important qualities of an effective instructional coach?

Turn and talk to your partner.



Turn and Talk...

"Coaches have the capacity to question and instill curiosity and doubt, thereby generating dissonance essential to promote change." (Knight)

How does a coach reinforce appropriate dissonance and reduce disruptive dissonance?



4 C's of the Coaching Cycle...

- 1. Communication
- 2. Collaboration
- 3. Collective problem-solving
- 4. Confidentiality





Collaborative Partnership is Like a Good Marriage...

- Listen with intent to understand.
- Respect other's points of view.
- Acknowledge a person's right to choose.
- Listen more than you talk.
- Support partner in achieving his/her goals.
- Lose the ego!



What a Coach is NOT...

- Evaluator
- Supervisor
- "The Expert"
- A "Whistle Blower"
- The "Fixer"
- A Substitute





What do we really want to talk about...

Who? Am I supposed to support?

What? Can I do when my colleagues are unsure of my intentions?

When? Can I expect my colleagues to accept me as a confidante?

Why? Don't my colleagues share my thinking?

How? Do I know if I am being reflective?







ISSUE	NOTES
Identify the specific results you want from your work with teachers.	
List the most pressing issues you are facing right now.	
Share a recent success and what you did that contributed to that success.	
Explain a current coaching challenge and the strategies you used to address it.	

PIIC's cycle of effective instructional coaching is based on these core elements...

- 1. Working one-on-one and in small groups to support teachers, coaches and other school leaders;
- 2. Focusing on collecting, analyzing and using data to assess student needs;
- 3. Using evidence-based literacy practices across all content areas;
- 4. Supporting reflective and non-evaluative practice for teachers, administrators, coaches, and mentors



Turn and talk...

As a coach, how can you support teachers and administrators in each of the three stages of the BDA cycle of consultation?

Before

(In what ways can I help in the planning stages?)

During

(How do I help provide in-class support?)

After

(W hat techniques/ advice can I share to help teachers debrief?)



The BDA Coaching Cycle

Before







After







- Pre-conference for planning successful instruction w/ individuals or team of teachers
- •co-teaching
- •modeling
- •visiting
- •note taking

 offering feedback through reflective and nonevaluative conferences



Pre-Conference Planning (Before)

An instructional coach works collaboratively with the teacher to . . .

- identify the focus for the visitation
- review instructional goals and materials
- clarify the coach's role during the classroom visitation
- co-construct visitation form
- identify what the teacher should watch for during a model lesson
- establish a time for debriefing





Classroom Visitation (During)

Based on the pre-conference, the coach and the teacher agree to one of the following:

• Coach models a lesson/strategy with an identified area of focus for the teacher

Teacher and Coach co-teach

 Coach watches the teacher and collects data using the co-constructed form

As I watch you...

The coach provides feedback for the teacher based on the teacher's identified focus. The coach...

- Uses the co-constructed visitation form to collect data related to the identified focus areas
- Respects the parameters of the visitation protocol
- Ensures that data collected is objective and nonevaluative
- Reminds the teacher of the debriefing appointment



Debriefing (After)

- The debriefing is most effective when both parties have had an opportunity to reflect and prepare their thoughts
- The lesson is reviewed by discussing the areas of focus agreed upon in the "before" or planning stage
- The instructional coach and teacher discuss student engagement and how students responded to the lesson
- The coach helps the teacher recognize the areas of strength and areas of need in that lesson





Week beginning:

Weekly Coach Reflection Tool

What evidence of implementation do you see in the following PIIC core elements?

1. One on one and small group support: How did you provide one-on-one and small group support to teachers? Describe your work with school administrators, departments, and PLCs. How did your mentor provide support to you?	2. Collecting, analyzing, & using data to identify student needs, assess changes in instructional practice and measure student progress: What types of data did you collect or analyze to support your efforts with teachers? Did you use the data in a "B, D, or A" session?
3. Evidence based literacy practices and research-based instructional techniques: How did you support the use of evidence based literacy practices and research-based instructional techniques with teachers?	4. Reflective and non-evaluative practice: How did you reflect on and in your coaching practices this week? How did teachers reflect with you? How did you reflect with your mentor?

- 1. One on one and small group support: How did you provide one-on-one and small group support to teachers? Describe your work with school administrators, departments, and PLCs. How did your mentor provide support to you?
- Visited w/ Ms. Teacher without the benefit of a preconference; visiting without preparation is uncomfortable to me. I don't feel like the teacher and I shared a clear vision for the class lesson.
- Student engagement was negative and the teacher was clearly struggling; the students were out of control. She wanted to discuss the class at the end of the day but was clearly too upset to reflect in a productive way.
- She asked me to come in again the next day to model best practices; I declined because we didn't set up a time for a pre-conference to determine the areas of focus.
- Will talk to my mentor tomorrow to discuss strategies for helping Ms. Green understand the purpose of a "B."

- 2. Collecting, analyzing, & using data to identify student needs, assess changes in instructional practice and measure student progress: What types of data did you collect or analyze to support your efforts with teachers? Did you use the data in a "B, D, or A" session?
 The "B" or pre-conference started with the teacher explaining evidence of
- student engagement from the previous day and then the teacher's first-time use of text rendering in the "B" part of the cycle. The teacher clearly understands setting goals and the importance of collecting evidence to support efficacy.

 •We discussed the plans for the next day and generated a list of what I (coach) would do during the class. The teacher wanted to distribute post-it notes to all

students and assign a reading from the text. Students were to indicate three

- things: 1) a text reference of something already known or familiar ("This reminds me of..."); 2) a text reference of something unknown or new ("I never knew that..."); 3) a fuzzy ("I am still unclear about..."). This teacher understood the goal of text rendering, prepared well and anticipated the kinds of comments/questions students would ask.

 •The teacher recognized that the next steps were to use the post-it notes to
- •The teacher recognized that the next steps were to use the post-it notes to determine how and what kind of differentiated support was needed.
- •I need to ask my mentor how to help this teacher move from creating activities to developing students' collective problem solving skills

- 3. Evidence based literacy practices and research-based instructional techniques: How did you support the use of evidence based literacy practices and research-based instructional techniques with teachers?
 - Teachers and administrators are now setting mastery goals;
 - As a coach, I am working with administrators to codesign and deliver professional learning that is relevant, tied to PACC, and addresses student needs according to the students' benchmark assessments;
 - I am using the SAS portal to show teachers how to access both curricula and best practices to address the student needs and then accessing assessments so we can use a variety of ways to measure student progress.

4. **Reflective and non-evaluative practice:** How did you **reflect on** and **in** your coaching practices this week? How did teachers reflect with you? How did you reflect with your mentor?

I reflected on my one-on-one classroom visits and tried to determine what changes I noticed since the last time I visited those teachers and classrooms. One thing that stood out for me was my principal's comment this week: "Targets aren't good unless they're real. We need to be transparent and not be afraid of results that might be negative. We can't work on them unless we're transparent." I thought that comment demonstrated the administration's willingness to review the data up close and personal and to problem-solve around real issues. This is quite a change from last year's experience at my school. I need to talk to my mentor to help focus on next steps with using the data and working as a team.

Written conversations Protocol...



What is the most challenging aspect of your coaching responsibility so far this year?

- Complete the # 1 quadrant; 30 seconds
- Pass notes; read and respond to the previous comment and add to the discussion in the # 2 quadrant; 1 minute
- Pass notes again and respond to all that's written in the # 3 quadrant; 2 minutes
- Pass notes one more time and respond in the # 4 quadrant; 3 minutes





Ticket out the Door



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